PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-4 OF TURNER COUNTY

AUDIT REPORT

FISCAL YEAR JULY 1, 2021 TO JUNE 30, 2022

PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-4 SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2022

BOARD MEMBERS:

Jason Chester – President Greg Simmermon – Vice-President James Even Ransom Jones Matt Rand

SUPERINTENDENT:

Dr. Donavan DeBoer

BUSINESS MANAGER:

James Vogel

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board Parker School District No. 60-4 Turner County, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Parker School District No. 60-4, South Dakota (School District), as of June 30, 2022 and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 21, 2023, which was qualified because the school did not record the unfunded liability for the other post-employment benefits in the governmental activities.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings item 2022-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

School District's Response to Findings

Governmental Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the findings identified in our audit. The School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

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July 21, 2023

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SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

PRIOR FEDERAL AUDIT FINDINGS:

Finding Number 2021-001:

A material weakness in internal controls was reported due to a lack of proper segregation of duties. This comment has not been corrected and is restated as current audit finding number 2022-001.

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS

CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS:

Internal Control - Related Findings - Material Weaknesses:

Finding Number 2022-001:

Condition:

A material weakness in internal controls was noted due to a lack of proper segregation of duties for revenues. This has been a continuing audit comment since fiscal year 2001.

Criteria:

Proper segregation of duties results in increased reliability of reported financial data and decreased potential for the loss of public assets.

Cause:

A limited number of employees process all revenue transactions from beginning to end. They also receive money, issue receipts, record receipts, post receipts in the accounting records, prepare bank deposits, reconcile bank statements, and prepare financial statements.

Effect:

As a result, there is an increased likelihood that errors could occur and not be detected in a timely manner by employees in the ordinary course of performing their duties.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Parker School District officials be cognizant of this lack of segregation of
duties for revenues and attempt to provide compensating internal controls whenever, and wherever,
possible and practical. In addition, we recommend that all necessary accounting records be
established and properly maintained to provide some compensation for lack of proper segregation of
duties.

Management's Response:

The Parker School District Board President, Ransom Jones, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. This comment is due to the size of the Parker School District, which precludes staffing at a level sufficient to provide an ideal environment for internal controls. We are aware of this problem and are attempting to develop policies and to provide compensating controls.

CLOSING CONFERENCE

The audit was discussed with the officials during the course of the audit and with two board members, the superintendent, and the business manager on August 4, 2023.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

School Board Parker School District No. 60-4 Turner County, South Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Parker School District No. 60-4, South Dakota (School District), as of June 30, 2022, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter discussed in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities of Parker School District No. 60-4 as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

<u>Unmodified Opinions on Business-Type Activities, Each Major Fund, and the Aggregate Remaining Fund</u> Information

In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Parker School District No. 60-4 as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

The School District did not record the unfunded liability for other post-employment benefits in the governmental activities. The annual required contribution of the employer was actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement 75 and the liability at June 30, 2022 is potentially a material amount.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of the School District Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who

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considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The School District has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the School District Officials but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 21, 2023 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

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July 21, 2023

Schoenfish & Co., Inc. certified Public accountants

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PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-4 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of June 30, 2022

	Primary Go	overnment	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,638,322.26	233,970.68	4,872,292.94
Taxes Receivable	1,112,015.30		1,112,015.30
Other Assets	309,045.95	12,030.19	321,076.14
Inventories		6,325.90	6,325.90
Restricted Assets:	0.4.4.0.00		04.440.00
Deposits	21,116.00		21,116.00
Net Pension Asset	930,796.05		930,796.05
Capital Assets: Land and Construction Work In Progress	E 0EE E00 NE		5,255,588.05
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	5,255,588.05 3,637,505.80	47,830.49	3,685,336.29
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	3,037,303.00	47,030.49	3,000,330.29
TOTAL ASSETS	15,904,389.41	300,157.26	16,204,546.67
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	1,279,000.91		1,279,000.91
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,279,000.91	0.00	1,279,000.91
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts Payable	330,003.64	1,571.04	331,574.68
Other Current Liabilities	430,239.52	34,924.38	465,163.90
Unearned Revenue		35,249.59	35,249.59
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	238,647.64		238,647.64
Due in More than One Year	4,941,241.76		4,941,241.76
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,940,132.56	71,745.01	6,011,877.57
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Property Taxes Levied for a Future Period	1,087,420.71		1,087,420.71
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	1,809,480.09		1,809,480.09
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,896,900.80	0.00	2,896,900.80
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,101,397.11	47,830.49	3,149,227.60
Restricted for:			
Capital Outlay Purposes	2,364,760.64		2,364,760.64
Special Education Purposes	395,858.31		395,858.31
NPIP Insurance Reserve	21,116.00		21,116.00
SDRS Pension Purposes	400,316.87		400,316.87
Unrestricted (Deficit)	2,062,908.03	180,581.76	2,243,489.79
TOTAL NET POSITION	8,346,356.96	228,412.25	8,574,769.21

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-4 For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

					Net (Net (Expense) Revenue and	e and
			Program Revenues	s	ວ	Changes in Net Position	tion
			Operating	Capital		Primary Government	ent
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary Government:						1	
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	2,431,079.87		137,839.00		(2,293,240.87)		(2,293,240.87)
Support Services	1,697,293.05	17,026.91	10,130.50	91,520.00	(1,578,615.64)		(1,578,615.64)
Nonprogrammed Charges	13,403.02				(13,403.02)		(13,403.02)
*Interest on Long-Term Debt	158,800.00				(158,800.00)		(158,800.00)
Cocurricular Activities	229,391.45	25,985.40		5,000.00	(198,406.05)		(198,406.05)
Collination A Lotter construction C Lotter	4 500 007 00	40 040 04	447 000 50	00 002 00	(4 242 465 50)		(4 040 405 50)
lotal Governmental Activities	4,529,907.39	43,012.31	147,908.50	96,520.00	(4,242,405.38)		(4,242,405.38)
Business-type Activities:							
Food Service	290,631,74	17,443.85	315,332.89			42,145.00	42,145.00
Parker Learning Center	63,687.00	28.681.00	11,221.47			(23.784.53)	(23,784.53)
Driver's Education	9,201.63	9,801.50				599.87	599.87
Little Pheasants Daycare	132,960.64	147,003.50	30,000.00			44,042.86	44,042.86
T	406 404 04	10 000	00.4.00	000		00 000	000000
lotal business-type Activities	490,481.01	202,929.85	350,554.30	0.00		63,003.20	63,003.20
Total Primary Government	5,026,448.40	245,942.16	504,523.86	96,520.00	(4,242,465.58)	63,003.20	(4,179,462.38)
		Ü	General Revenues:				

interest expense on general long-term debt. expense related to the functions presented above. This amount includes indirect The District does not have interest

Total General Revenues Net Position - Beginning Change in Net Position

NET POSITION - ENDING

Other General Revenues

16,418.63 32,034.00 4,934,809.48 755,347.10 7,819,422.11 8,574,769.21 63,058.51 55.31 165,353.74 228,412.25 55.31 2,269,704.36 32,034.00 692,288.59 8,346,356.96 16,363.32 40,835.42 4,934,754.17 7,654,068.37 Unrestricted Investment Earnings Revenue from Federal Sources

2,502,800.72 73,016.35

2,502,800.72 73,016.35

Revenue from State Sources:

State Aid

Property Taxes Utility Taxes 2,269,704.36

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-4
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
As of June 30, 2022

Total Governmental Funds	4,638,322.26 1,087,420.71 24,594.59 10,200.01 298,845.94 21,116.00	6,080,499.51	330,003.64 347,342.33 82,897.19 760,243.16	24,594.59 1,087,420.71 1,112,015.30	21,116.00 2,357,739.47 391,740.32 731,696.74 8,678.86 368,204.00 329,065.66 4,208,241.05	6,080,499.51
Building Project Fund	1,000,341.18	1,000,341.18	268,644.44	0.00	731,696.74	1,000,341.18
Special Education Fund	407,920.47 252,665.30 4,117.99 55,404.00	720,107.76	5,291.64 50,415.30 15,877.21 71,584.15	4,117.99 252,665.30 256,783.29	391,740.32	720,107.76
Capital Outlay Fund	2,292,126.47 433,053.84 7,021.17 91,520.00	2,823,721.48	25,907.00	7,021.17 433,053.84 440,075.01	2,357,739.47	2,823,721.48
General Fund	937,934.14 401,701.57 13,455.43 10,200.01 151,921.94	1,536,329.09	30,160.56 296,927.03 67,019.98 394,107.57	13,455.43 401,701.57 415,157.00	21,116.00 21,116.00 8,678.86 368,204.00 329,065.66 727,064.52	1,536,329.09
	ASSE IS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Taxes Receivable—Current Taxes Receivable—Delinquent Accounts Receivable, Net Due from Other Government Restricted Assets: Deposits	TOTAL ASSETS	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities: Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Payroll Deductions and Withholdings and Employer Matching Payable Total Liabilities	Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Taxes Levied for a Future Period Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	Fund Balances: Nonspendable: NPIP Insurance Reserve Restricted: Capital Outlay Special Education Capital Projects Assigned for Unemployment Assigned for Next Year's Budget Unassigned	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-4 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governme	4,208,241.05	
Amounts reported for government of net position are different be		
	Net Pension asset reported in governmental activities is not an available financial resource and therefore is not reported in the funds.	930,796.05
	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	8,893,093.85
	Pension related deferred outflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	1,279,000.91
	Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(5,179,889.40)
	Assets, such as taxes receivable that are not available to pay for current period expenditures, are deferred in the funds.	24,594.59
	Pension related deferred inflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(1,809,480.09)
Net Position - Governmental Activ	vities	8,346,356.96

PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-4 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Building Project Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Revenue from Local Sources:					
Taxes:					
Ad Valorem Taxes	912,176.25	979,723.79	582,705.23		2,474,605.27
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	11,995.33	6,968.32	4,037.62		23,001.27
Utility Taxes	73,016.35				73,016.35
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	4,435.70	2,419.94	1,395.88		8,251.52
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	7,190.44			9,172.88	16,363.32
Cocurricular Activities:	00.000.40				25 005 40
Admissions Other Revenue from Local Sources:	25,985.40			-	25,985.40
Contributions and Donations		5,000.00			5,000.00
Charges for Services	6,857.36	3,000.00	10,169.55		17,026.91
Other	20,970.26	-	10,100.55		20,970.26
o their	20,070.20				20,010.20
Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources:					
County Apportionment	19,145.17				19,145.17
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	719.99				719.99
Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid:					
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	2,269,704.36				2,269,704.36
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	4,199.50				4,199.50
Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government through the State Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government Through the State	32,034.00 88,366.00	91,520.00	55,404.00		32,034.00 235,290.00
Tetal Devenue	2 476 706 11	1,085,632.05	653,712.28	9,172.88	5,225,313.32
Total Revenue	3,476,796.11	1,065,652.05	000,712.20	9,172.00	0,220,313.32
Expenditures: Instruction: Regular Programs:					
Elementary	1,023,521.41	56,136.90			1,079,658.31
Middle/Junior High High School	281,388.11 606,558.86	20,363.01 53,992.13	·		301,751.12 660,550.99
Special Programs:	000,000.00				000,330.55
Programs for Special Education			424,478.48		424,478.48
Educationally Deprived	74,196.27		121,170.10		74,196.27
Support Services: Students:					
Attendance and Social Work	61,352.81		(4 <u>————</u>	1	61,352.81
Guidance	78,379.27				78,379.27
Health	325.00				325.00
Psychological			4,040.80		4,040.80
Speech Pathology			55,323.41	·	55,323.41
Student Therapy Services			57,359.36		57,359.36
Instructional Staff: Improvement of Instruction	18,680.38				18,680.38
Educational Media	97,170.96	841.50			98,012.46
Educational Media	37,170.30	071.00			00,012.40

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-4 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Building Project Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Expenditures (continued):					
Support Services (continued):					
General Administration:					
Board of Education	56,079.85		2,639.88		58,719.73
Executive Administration	169,974.05				169,974.05
School Administration:					
Office of the Principal	241,169.10				241,169.10
Other	598.26				598.26
Business:					
Fiscal Services	171,533.29	1,959.77	4,252.00		177,745.06
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		3,157.03			3,157.03
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	433,707.56	3,701.97			437,409.53
Student Transportation	177,393.79	18,921.92			196,315.71
Special Education:					
Administrative Costs			26,319.26		26,319.26
Transportation Costs			24,535.02		24,535.02
Other Special Education Costs			23,532.68_		23,532.68
Nonprogrammed Charges:					
Early Retirement Payments	25,357.85				25,357.85
Debt Services		368,800.00			368,800.00
Cocurricular Activities:					
Male Activities	54,941.61				54,941.61
Female Activities	32,983.34				32,983.34
Transportation	15,203.99				15,203.99
Combined Activities	91,904.77	21,739.59			113,644.36
Capital Outlay		160,459.99		4,702,646.66	4,863,106.65
Total Expenditures	3,712,420.53	71,0,073.81	622,480.89	4,702,646.66	9,747,621.89
Net Change in Fund Balances	(235,624.42)	375,558.24	31,231.39	(4,693,473.78)	(4,522,308.57)
Fund Balance - Beginning	962,688.94	1,982,181.23	360,508.93	5,425,170.52	8,730,549.62
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	727,064.52	2,357,739.47	391,740.32	731,696.74	4,208,241.05

PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-4 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	(4,522,308.57)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
This amount represents capital asset purchases which are reported as expenditures on the fund financial statements but increase assets on the government wide statements.	4,863,106.65
This amount represents the current year depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities which is not reported on the fund financial statements because it does not require the use of current financial resources.	(109,608.31)
Payment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	210,000.00
In both the government-wide and fund financial statements, revenues from property tax levies are applied to finance the budget of a particular period. Accounting for revenues from property tax accruals in the funds' statements differs from the accounting in the government wide statements in that the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available". This amount reflects the application of both the application period and "availability criteria".	(3,057.34)
Governmental funds recognize expenditures for amounts of compensated absences and early retirement benefits actually paid to employees with current financial resources during the fiscal year. Amounts of compensated absences earned by employees are not recognized in the funds. In the statement of activities, expenses for these benefits are recognized when the employees earn leave credits or elect to retire early.	(1,194.49)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Pension Expense)	369.76
Changes in the pension related deferred outflows/inflows are direct components of pension liability (asset) and are not reflected in the governmental funds.	254,980.89
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	692,288.59

PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-4 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS As of June 30, 2022

		Enterprise Funds		
		Parker		
		Learning	Little	
	Food	Center/	Pheasant	Total
	Service	Driver's Ed	Daycare	Business-Type
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
ASSETS:				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	123,402.98	28,353.65	82,214.05	233,970.68
Accounts Receivable, Net	5,495.70	5,182.34	1,352.15	12,030.19
Inventory of Stores Purchased for Resale	3,738.86			3,738.86
Inventory of Donated Food	2,587.04			2,587.04
Total Current Assets	135,224.58	33,535.99	83,566.20	252,326.77
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets:				
Buildings			32,156.00	32,156.00
Machinery and EquipmentLocal Funds	80,295.72			80,295.72
Machinery and EquipmentFederal Assistance	4,567.88			4,567.88
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(60,185.39)		(9,003.72)	(69,189.11)
Total Noncurrent Assets	24,678.21	0.00	23,152.28	47,830.49
TOTAL ASSETS	159,902.79	33,535.99	106,718.48	300,157.26
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	490.99	164.72	915.33	1,571.04
Contracts Payable	12,874.12	12,228.41	2,264.94	27,367.47
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings and				
Employer Matching Payable	6,348.33	1,013.12	195.46	7,556.91
Unearned Revenue - Charges for Services	11,168.00	6,621.00	6,533.50	24,322.50
Unearned Revenue - Grants	10,927.09			10,927.09
TOTAL LIABILITIES	41,808.53	20,027.25	9,909.23	71,745.01
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	24,678.21		23,152.28	47,830.49
Unrestricted Net Position	93,416.05	13,508.74	73,656.97	180,581.76
TOTAL NET POSITION	118,094.26	13,508.74	96,809.25	228,412.25

PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-4 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	E	nterprise Funds		
	Food Service Fund	Parker Learning Center/ Driver's Ed Fund	Little Pheasant Daycare Fund	Total Business-Type Funds
Operating Revenue:				-
Food Sales: Student	17,443.85			17,443.85
Other Charges for Goods and Services: Parker Learning Center		28,681.00		28,681.00
Driver's Education		9,801.50		9,801.50
Little Pheasant Daycare			147,003.50	147,003.50
Total Operating Revenue	17,443.85	38,482.50	147,003.50	202,929.85
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries	84,644.97		110,019.96	194,664.93
Employee Benefits	34,113.84		13,580.57	47,694.41
Purchased Services	2,417.70		4,142.75	6,560.45
Supplies	15,192.73		4,768.61	19,961.34
Cost of Sales - Purchased Food	122,733.98			122,733.98
Cost of Sales - Donated Food	25,824.66		00.00	25,824.66
Other	347.58		20.00	367.58 5,785.03
Depreciation	5,356.28	62 697 00	428.75	63,687.00
Parker Learning Center		63,687.00 9,201.63		9,201.63
Driver's Education Expense		9,201.03		9,201.03
Total Operating Expenses	290,631.74	72,888.63	132,960.64	496,481.01
Operating Income (Loss)	(273,187.89)	(34,406.13)	14,042.86	(293,551.16)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense):				
Investment Earnings			55.31	55.31
State Grants	712.39			712.39
Federal Grants	288,954.29	11,221.47	30,000.00	330,175.76
Donated Food	25,666.21			25,666.21
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	315,332.89	11,221.47	30,055.31	356,609.67
Change in Net Position	42,145.00	(23,184.66)	44,098.17	63,058.51
Net Position - Beginning	75,949.26	36,693.40	52,711.08	165,353.74
NET POSITION - ENDING	118,094.26	13,508.74	96,809.25	228,412.25

PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-4 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	E			
		Parker		
		Learning	Little	
	Food	Center/	Pheasant	Total
	Service	Driver's Ed	Daycare	Business-Type
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			X 	
Cash Receipts from Customers	17,516.50	44,063.00	154,722.60	216,302.10
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(116,841.52)	(63,050.83)	(122,052.99)	(301,945.34)
Cash Payments to Suppliers of Goods or Services	(141,407.93)	(4,793.12)	(8,510.51)	(154,711.56)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(240,732.95)	(23,780.95)	24,159.10	(240,354.80)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Operating Grants	300,593.77	11,221.47	30,000.00	341,815.24
Net Cash Provided (Used) from Noncapital Financing Activities	300,593.77	11,221.47	30,000.00	341,815.24
O LEG C. L. M. Aut. Man.				
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Cash Received for Interest			55.31	55.31
Cash Received for interest				
Net Cash Provided (Used) from Investing Activities	0.00	0.00	55.31	55.31
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	59,860.82	(12,559.48)	54,214.41	101,515.75
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	63,542.16	40,913.13	27,999.64	132,454.93
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	123,402.98	28,353.65	82,214.05	233,970.68
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET				
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating Income (Loss)	(273,187.89)	(34,406.13)	14,042.86	(293,551.16)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	F 0.F0 00		400.75	5.705.00
Depreciation Expense	5,356.28		428.75	5,785.03
Value of Donated Commodities Used	25,824.66			25,824.66
Change in Assets and Liabilities:	1 550 05	385.50	1,185.60	3,130.15
(Increase) decrease in Receivables	<u>1,559.05</u> (1,206.93)	300.00	1,165.00	(1,206.93)
(Increase) decrease in Inventories		/42.00\	420.95	
(Decrease) increase in Accounts and Other Payables	490.99 1,917.29	<u>(43.99)</u> 5,088.67	420.85 1,547.54	867.85 8,553.50
(Decrease) increase in Accrued Wages Payable				
(Decrease) increase in Unearned Revenue	(1,486.40)	5,195.00	6,533.50	10,242.10
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(240,732.95)	(23,780.95)	24,159.10	(240,354.80)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:				
Value of Commodities Received	25,666.21			25,666.21

PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-4 STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS As of June 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	42,850.66
TOTAL ASSETS	42,850.66
NET POSITION Restricted for:	
Individuals	1,882.11
Organizations	40,968.55
TOTAL NET POSITION	42,850.66

PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-4 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITON FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS: Collections for Student Activities Total Additions	166,795.30 166,795.30
DEDUCTIONS: Payments for Student Activities Total Deductions	185,744.59 185,744.59
Change in Net Position	(18,949.29)
Net Position - Beginning	61,799.95
NET POSITON - ENDING	42,850.66

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Parker School District No. 60-4 (School District) consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds, may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The School District participates in a cooperative service unit with other school districts. See detailed note entitled "Joint Ventures" for specific disclosures. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit, but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the School District.

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources, in a net position form (assets plus deferred outflows minus liabilities plus deferred inflows equal net position). Net position are displayed in three components, as applicable, net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School District or it meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the School District financial reporting entity are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – A fund established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the school district, excluding capital outlay fund and special education fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Fund Types – special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Outlay Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Special Education Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the School District. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

Capital Projects Funds – Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

The Building Project Fund is the only capital projects fund maintained by the School District. This is a major fund.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met.

- a. The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit—even if that government is not expected to make any payments—is not payable solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the revenues of the activity.)
- b. Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
- c. The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Food Service Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

Parker Learning Center/Driver's Education Fund – A fund used to record the financial transactions of an after-school program and driver's education of the school. This fund is financed by user charges of enrolled students. This is a major fund.

Little Pheasants Daycare Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions of a school-run day care. This is financed by user charges. This is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are never considered to be major funds.

Custodial Funds – Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The School District maintains custodial funds for the following purposes:

Custodial funds for student classes and activities.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental fund types, while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Basis of Accounting:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and, expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay all the bills of the current period. The accrual period does not exceed one bill-paying cycle, and for the Parker School District No. 60-4, the length of that cycle is 60 days. The revenues which are accrued at June 30, 2022 are grants from the State of South Dakota and utility taxes.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenues, where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term liabilities which are recognized when due.

All proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

d. Deposits and Investments:

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6.

e. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated.

Interest costs incurred during the construction of general capital assets are not capitalized along with other capital asset costs.

The total June 30, 2022 balances of capital assets for governmental activities are all valued at original cost. The total June 30, 2022 balance of capital assets for business-type activities are all valued at original cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is not recorded as an expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization	Depreciation	Estimated
	Threshold	Method	Useful Life
Land	\$ 0.00	N/A	N/A
Improvements	\$ 25,000.00	Straight-line	15-20 yrs.
Buildings	\$ 25,000.00	Straight-line	100 yrs.
Machinery & Equipment	\$ 5,000.00	Straight-line	5-20 yrs.
Machinery & Equipment			
 Food Service 	\$ 1,000.00	Straight-line	12 yrs.

Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

f. Long-Term Liabilities:

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities primarily consist of limited tax capital outlay certificates payable, early retirement payable, and accrued compensated absences.

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same in the fund statements as in the government-wide statements.

g. Program Revenues:

In the Government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the School District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- Charges for services These arise from charges to customers, applications, or others who
 purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise
 directly affected by the services.
- 2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- Program-specific capital grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary nonexchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

h. Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows Of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until the applicable future period.

In addition to liabilities the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent acquisitions of net position that applies to a

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as inflow of resources until the applicable future period.

(Continued)

i. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues and expenses.

j. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The School District pools its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes. Accordingly, the enterprise fund has access to its cash resources on demand. Accordingly, all reported enterprise fund deposit and investment balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

k. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components.

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and is distinguished between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned or Unassigned components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as restricted net position.

Application of Net Position:

It is the School District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

m. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the School District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u> includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are
 externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional
 provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed</u> includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are
 internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making
 authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- <u>Assigned</u> includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Business Manager.
- <u>Unassigned</u> includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The School District uses restricted/committed amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the School District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The School District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

The purpose of each major special revenue fund and revenue source is listed below:

Major Special Revenue Fund:Revenue Source:Capital Outlay FundReal Estate Taxes and GrantsSpecial Education FundReal Estate Taxes and Grants

n. Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deletions from SDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. School District contributions and net pension liability (asset) are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

2. VIOLATIONS OF FINANCE-RELATED LEGAL AND CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS

The School District is prohibited by statute from spending in excess of appropriated amounts at the fund level. The following represents the significant overdrafts of the expenditures compared to appropriations:

Year Ended 6/30/2022

Capital Outlay Fund

\$1,473.81

The Governing Board plans to take the following actions to address these violations: use supplemental budgets when legal authority allows.

3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK, AND INTEREST RATE RISK</u>

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized as follows:

Deposits – The School District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school district funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the Unites States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

As of June 30, 2022, the School District did not have any investments subject to Fair Value Measurement.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the School District, as discussed above. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

As of June 30, 2022, the School District had the following investments:

Investment	Credit Rating	Fair Value June 30, 2022
External Investment Pools:		
SDFIT	Unrated	\$ 875,379.05
TOTAL INVESTMENTS		\$ 875,379.05

The South Dakota Public Fund Investment Trust (SDFIT) is an external investment pool created for South Dakota local government investing purposes. It is regulated by a nine-member board with representation from municipalities, school districts and counties. The net asset value of SDFIT money market account (GCR) is kept at one dollar per share by adjusting the rate of return on a daily basis. Earnings are credited to each account on a monthly basis.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The School District's policy is to credit all income from deposits and investments to the General Fund. USGAAP, on the other hand, requires income from deposits and investments to be reported in the fund whose assets generated that income. The governing board is not following USGAAP. The amount to be recorded in funds other than the General Fund is not material.

4. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables and payables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The School District expects all receivables to be collected within one year.

INVENTORY

Inventory held for consumption is stated at cost. Inventory for resale is stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is first-in, first-out. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at date of receipt. In the Government-wide financial statements, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed.

In the fund financial statements, inventories in the General Fund, special revenue funds, and proprietary funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed in the general fund, special revenue funds, and the proprietary funds. No material supplies inventories were on hand at June 30, 2022 in the General and special revenue funds.

109.608.31

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District.

School District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and therefore are not susceptible to accrual has been reported as deferred revenue in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, in the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period."

7. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Primary Government:	Balance 07/01/2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/2022
Governmental Activities:		-		-
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				440.000.00
Land	78,250.00	40,000.00		118,250.00
Construction in Progress	434,691.39	4,702,646.66		5,137,338.05
Total, not being depreciated	512,941.39	4,742,646.66	0.00	5,255,588.05
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Improvements	1,150,478.50	28,940.00	(14,336.00)	1,165,082.50
Buildings	2,699,151.44		(3,420.00)	2,695,731.44
Machinery & Equipment	1,476,142.81	91,519.99	(33,595.00)	1,534,067.80
Total, being depreciated	5,325,772.75	120,459.99	(51,351.00)	5,394,881.74
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Improvements	(124,127.51)	(15,725.59)	14,336.00	(125,517.10)
Buildings	(1,058,800.51)	(32,689.67)	3,420.00	(1,088,070.18)
Machinery & Equipment	(516,190.61)	(61,193.05)	33,595.00_	(543,788.66)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,699,118.63)	(109,608.31)	51,351.00	(1,757,375.94)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	3,626,654.12	10,851.68	0.00	3,637,505.80
Governmental Activity Capital Assets, Net	4,139,595.51	4,753,498.34	0.00	8,893,093.85
Depreciation expense was charged to function	ns as follows:			
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction			36,961.77	
Support Services			50,763.88	
Co-curricular Activities			21,882.66	_

	Balance 07/01/2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/2022
Business-type Activities:				
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	32,156.00			32,156.00
Machinery & Equipment	84,863.60			84,863.60
Total, being depreciated	117,019.60	0.00	0.00	117,019.60
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	(8,574.97)	(428.75)		(9,003.72)
Machinery & Equipment	(54,829.11)	(5,356.28)		(60,185.39)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(63,404.08)	(5,785.03)	0.00	(69,189.11)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	53,615.52	(5,785.03)	0.00	47,830.49
Business-type Activity Capital Assets, Net	53,615.52	(5,785.03)	0.00	47,830.49

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-Type Activities:

Daycare Fund428.75Food Services5,356.28Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities5,785.03

Construction Work in Progress at June 30, 2022 is composed of the following:

Project Name	Project Authorization	Expended through 6/30/2022	Committed	Required Future Financing
Parker HS Addition/Renovation	\$ 5,270,000.00	\$ 5,137,338.05	\$ 132,661.95	\$0.00
TOTAL	\$ 5,270,000.00	\$ 5,137,338.05	\$ 132,661.95	\$0.00

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
Limited Tax Capital Outlay					
Certificates, Series 2021	5,270,000.00		210,000.00	5,060,000.00	215,000.00
Total Debt	5,270,000.00	0.00	210,000.00	5,060,000.00	215,000.00
Early Retirement Payable Accrued Compensated	104,718.50	13,402.68	25,357.51	92,763.67	21,147.64
Absences	13,976.41	17,697.66	4,548.34	27,125.73	2,500.00
Total Governmental Activities	5,388,694.91	31,100.34	239,905.85	5,179,889.40	238,647.64
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	5,388,694.91	31,100.34	239,905.85	5,179,889.40	238,647.64

Early Retirement Benefits payable and Sick Leave payable for governmental activities typically have been liquidated from the General Fund.

Liabilities Payable at June 30, 2022, is comprised of the following:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Governmental Activities:

Capital Outlay Certificates: Limited Tax Capital Outlay Certificates, Series 2017, Fixed Interest of 2.00%, Final Maturity On June 30, 2041, Payable from the Capital Outlay Fund	\$5,060,000.00		
Early Retirement Payable: Early Retirement Paid by General Fund	\$	92,763.67	
Compensated Absences: Payable from General Fund	\$	27,125.73	

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, except for compensated absences, for all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Annual Requirements to Maturity for Long-Term Liabilities June 30, 2022

	Limited Tax Ca	apital Outlay				
Year Ending	Refunding Certif	icates - Series				
June 30,	201	2	Early Retireme	nt Payable	Tot	als
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	215,000.00	151,800.00	21,147.64		236,147.64	151,800.00
2024	220,000.00	145,350.00	22,443.45		242,443.45	145,350.00
2025	230,000.00	138,750.00	22,443.45		252,443.45	138,750.00
2026	235,000.00	131,850.00	15,742.11		250,742.11	131,850.00
2027	245,000.00	124,800.00	5,493.51		250,493.51	124,800.00
2028-2032	1,325,000.00	510,150.00	5,493.51		1,330,493.51	510,150.00
2033-2037	1,545,000.00	298,500.00			1,545,000.00	298,500.00
2038-2042	1,045,000.00	63,450.00	_		1,045,000.00	63,450.00
Totals	5,060,000.00	1,564,650.00	92,763.67	0.00	5,152,763.67	1,564,650.00

9. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restricted net position for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Purpose:	Restricted By:	2022
Major Funds:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Capital Outlay	Law	\$ 2,364,760.64
Special Education	Law	395,858.31
NPIP Insurance Reserve	Governmental Accounting Standards	21,116.00
SDRS Pension	Governmental Accounting Standards	 400,316.87
Total Restricted Net Position		\$ 3,182,051.82

10. PENSION PLAN

Plan Information:

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at http://www.sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided:

SDRS has three different classes of employees, Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, and Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to the long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - o The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - o The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The School District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022,

2021, and 2020 were \$165,859.47, \$165,489.71, and \$143,053.54, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

<u>Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:</u>

At June 30, 2021, SDRS is 105.52% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate share of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the School District as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2021 and reported by the School District as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Proportionate share of pension liability	\$ 16,853,324.98
Less proportionate share of net pension	
restricted for pension benefits	\$ 17,784,121.03
Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (930,796.05)

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported a liability (asset) of \$(930,796.05) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2021, the School District's proportion was 0.121541%, which is an increase (decrease) of 0.0129053% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized pension expense (reduction of pension expense) of (\$255,350.65). At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		eferred Outflows Of Resources		eferred Inflows Of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience.	\$	33,418.01	\$	2,440.35
Changes in assumption.	\$	1,070,405.98	\$	466,129.21
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.			\$	1,329,660.78
Changes in proportion and difference between School Districtions and proportionate share of contributions	ict \$	9,317.45	\$	11,249.75
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date.	\$	165,859.47	_	
TOTAL	\$_	1,279,000.91	\$	1,809,480.09

\$165,859.47 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30:	
2023	\$ (175,978.91)
2024	(115,105.80)
2025	(31,216.46)
2026	(374,037.48)
Thereafter	
TOTAL	\$ (696,338.65)

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25 percent

Salary Increases
Discount Rate

Graded by years of service, from 6.50% at entry to 3.00% after 25 years of service 6.50 percent net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an average

Inflation rate of 2.25% and real returns of 4.25%

Future COLAs 2.25%

Mortality rates were based on 97% of the RP-2014 Mortality Table, adjusted to 2006 projected generationally with Scale MP-2016, white collar rates for females and total dataset rates for males. Mortality rates for disabled members were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, adjusted to 2006 and projected generationally with Scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2016.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	4.3%
Fixed Income	30.0%	1.6%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.6%
Cash	2.0%	0.9%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the following presents the School District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Increase</u>
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$1,507,190.38	\$(930,796.05)	\$(2,909,873.51)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

11. JOINT VENTURES

The School District participates in the Cornbelt Educational Cooperative, a cooperative service unit (co-op) formed for the purpose of providing special education services to the member school districts.

The members of the co-op and their relative percentage participation in the co-op are as follows:

Bridgewater-Emery School District No. 30-3	11.32%
Canistota School District No. 43-1	7.45%
Ethan School District No. 17-1	9.12%
Freeman School District No. 33-1	14.09%
Hanson School District No. 30-1	13.23%
Marion School District No. 60-3	6.28%
McCook School District No. 43-7	14.46%
Montrose School District No. 43-2	7.88%
Parker School District No. 60-4	16.17%

The co-op's governing board is composed of two representatives from each member school district, who are one school board member who serves on the Board of Directors and the superintendent who serves on the advisory board. The board is responsible for adopting the co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget. The School District retains no equity in the net position of the co-op but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from the Cornbelt Educational Cooperative.

At June 30, 2022, this joint venture had total assets and deferred outflows of \$1,854,806.62 total liabilities and deferred inflows of \$759,235.09, and net position of \$1,095,571.53.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the two year period ended June 30, 2022, the School District managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The School District purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have no exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Liability Insurance:

The School District purchases liability insurance for risks related to torts; theft of or damage to property; and errors and omissions of public officials from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Worker's Compensation:

The School District participates, with several other educational units and related organizations in South Dakota, in the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Worker's Compensations Fund Pool which provided worker's compensation insurance coverage for participating members of the pool. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensations coverage, to obtain lower costs for the coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The School District's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working condition and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The school district pays an annual premium, to provide worker's compensation coverage for its employees, under a retrospectively

rated policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. The School District may also be responsible for additional assessments in the event the pool is determined by its board of trustees to have inadequate reserves to satisfy current obligations or judgments. Additional assessments, if any, are to be determined on a prorated basis based upon each participant's percentage of contribution in relation to the total contributions to the pool of all participants for the year in which the shortfall occurs. The pool provides loss coverage to all participants through pool retained risk retention and through insurance coverage purchased by the pool in excess of retained risk. The pool pays the first \$500,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to \$1,000,000 per individual per incident.

The School District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The School District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, no claims had been filed or were outstanding. It is not anticipated that any additional claims for unemployment benefits will be filed in the next fiscal year.

13. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES – LITIGATION</u>

At June 30, 2022, the School District was not involved in any significant litigation.

14. EARLY RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Certified employees at least 55 years of age with 12 years of service to the school district may elect early retirement benefits. The payment will be 100 percent of current salary and may be paid out in payments not to exceed 10 years. The board has the right to limit the number of retirees in any time period. Five employees have elected to receive early retirement benefits at June 30, 2022.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated whether any subsequent events have occurred through July 21, 2023, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

In November 2022, the Parker School District passed a bond issue for \$4,000,000 to provide updates for the school district.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT 60-4 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -
_	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	911,525.00	911,525.00	912,176.25	651.25
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	9,000.00	9,000.00	11,995.33	2,995.33
Utility Taxes	70,000.00	70,000.00	73,016.35	3,016.35
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	3,000.00	3,000.00	4,435.70	1,435.70
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	7,000.00	7,000.00	7,190.44	190.44
Cocurricular Activities:				
Admissions	25,000.00	25,000.00	25,985.40	985.40
Other Revenue from Local Sources:				
Charges for Services	7,000.00	7,000.00	6,857.36	(142.64)
Other	20,000.00	20,000.00	20,970.26	970.26
Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources:				
County Apportionment	25,000.00	25,000.00	19,145.17	(5,854.83)
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	800.00	800.00	719.99	(80.01)
Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid:				
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	2,351,635.00	2,351,635.00	2,269,704.36	(81,930.64)
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	0.00	0.00	4,199.50	4,199.50
Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received Directly from Federal Government Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received	0.00	0.00	32,034.00	32,034.00
from Federal Government				
Through the State	128,282.00	128,282.00	88,366.00	(39,916.00)
Other Federal Revenue	32,034.00	32,034.00	0.00	(32,034.00)
Total Revenue	3,590,276.00	3,590,276.00	3,476,796.11	(113,479.89)
Expenditures: Instruction: Regular Programs:				
Elementary	1,105,572.00	1,105,572.00	1,023,521.41	82,050.59
Middle/Junior High	300,473.00	300,473.00	281,388.11	19,084.89
High School	667,993.00	667,993.00	606,558.86	61,434.14
Special Programs: Educationally Deprived	74,871.00	74,871.00	74,196.27	674.73
Support Services:				
Attendance and Social Work	52,522.00	52,522.00	61,352.81	(8,830.81)
Guidance	79,761.00	79,761.00	78,379.27	1,381.73
Health	0.00	0.00	325.00	(325.00)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT 60-4 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (continued):				
Support Services (continued):				
Instructional Staff:				
Improvement of Instruction	10,841.00	10,841.00	18,680.38	(7,839.38)
Educational Media	105,766.00	105,766.00	97,170.96	8,595.04
General Administration:				
Board of Education	61,022.00	61,022.00	56,079.85	4,942.15
Executive Administration	175,237.00	175,237.00	169,974.05	5,262.95
School Administration:				
Office of the Principal	243,388.00	243,388.00	241,169.10	2,218.90
Other	1,000.00	1,000.00	598.26	401.74
Business:	150 510 50			
Fiscal Services	152,512.00	152,512.00	171,533.29	(19,021.29)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	416,811.00	416,811.00	433,707.56	(16,896.56)
Student Transportation Services	157,930.00	157,930.00	177,393.79	(19,463.79)
Other Support Services	1,000.00	1,000.00	0.00	1,000.00
Nonprogrammed Charges:				
Payments to State - Unemployment	8,000.00	8,000.00	0.00	8,000.00
Early Retirement Payments	27,300.00	27,300.00	25,357.85	1,942.15
0				
Cocurricular Activities:	00 407 00	00.407.00	5404404	T 405 00
Male Activities	62,107.00	62,107.00	54,941.61	7,165.39
Female Activities	36,137.00	36,137.00	32,983.34	3,153.66
Transportation	17,915.00	17,915.00	15,203.99	2,711.01
Combined Activities	91,646.00	91,646.00	91,904.77	(258.77)
Contingencies	25,000.00	25,000.00		
Amount Transferred		0.00		25,000.00
Total Expenditures	3,874,804.00	3,874,804.00	3,712,420.53	162,383.47
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)	(00 1 500 50)			
Expenditures	(284,528.00)	(284,528.00)	(235,624.42)	48,903.58
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	/	()		
Transfers Out	(15,000.00)	(15,000.00)	0.00	15,000.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(15,000.00)	(15,000.00)	0.00	15,000.00
Net Change in Fund Balances	(299,528.00)	(299,528.00)	(235,624.42)	63,903.58
Fund Balance - Beginning	962,688.94	962,688.94	962,688.94	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	663,160.94	663,160.94	727,064.52	63,903.58

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-4 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	987,969.00	987,969.00	979,723.79	(8,245.21)
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	3,000.00	3,000.00	6,968.32	3,968.32
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	1,400.00	1,400.00	2,419.94	1,019.94
Other Revenue from Local Sources: Other	0.00	0.00	5,000.00	5,000.00
Revenue from Federal Sources: Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government				
Through the State	0.00	0.00	91,520.00	91,520.00
Total Revenue	992,369.00	992,369.00	1,085,632.05	93,263.05
Expenditures:				
Regular Programs:				
Elementary	112,500.00	112,500.00	56,136.90	56,363.10
Middle/Junior High	0.00	0.00	20,363.01	(20,363.01)
High School Special Programs:	97,500.00	97,500.00	53,992.13	43,507.87
Programs for Special Education	1,000.00	1,000.00	0.00	1,000.00
Support Services:				
Instructional Staff:				
Educational Media	3,500.00	3,500.00	841.50	2,658.50
General Administration:		·		
Board of Education	500.00	500.00	0.00	500.00
Executive Administration	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	2,000.00
School Administration:				
Office of the Principal	4,000.00	4,000.00	0.00	4,000.00
Business:				
Fiscal Services	2,000.00	2,000.00	1,959.77	40.23
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Operation and Maintenance of Plant	70,000.00	70,000.00	155,247.02	(85,247.02)
Student Transportation Services	12,500.00	12,500.00	3,701.97	8,798.03
Student Hansportation Services	0.00	0.00	18,921.92	(18,921.92)
Debt Service	373,100.00	373,100.00	368,800.00	4,300.00
Cocurricular Activities:				
Combined Activities	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,109.59	(109.59)
Total Expenditures	708,600.00	708,600.00	710,073.81	(1,473.81)
Net Change in Fund Balances	283,769.00	283,769.00	375,558.24	91,789.24
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,982,181.23	1,982,181.23	1,982,181.23	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	2,265,950.23	2,265,950.23	2,357,739.47	91,789.24

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-4 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND

	Budgeted /	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes:					
Ad Valorem Taxes	560,556.00	560,556.00	582,705.23	22,149.23	
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	1,500.00	1,500.00	4,037.62	2,537.62	
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	550.00	550.00	1,395.88	845.88	
Other Revenue from Local Sources: Charges for Services	8,500.00	8,500.00	10,169.55	1,669.55	
Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government Through the State	78,691.00	78,691.00	55,404.00	(23,287.00)	
Total Revenue	649,797.00	649,797.00	653,712.28	3,915.28	
, 5441.161.51.45	0.101,101.100		000,7 12.20	0,010.20	
Expenditures: Instruction: Special Programs: Programs for Special Education	533,009.00	566,609.00	424,478.48	142,130.52	
Support Services: Students:					
Psychological	0.00	0.00	4,040.80	(4,040.80)	
Speech Pathology	0.00	0.00	55,323.41	(55,323.41)	
Student Therapy Services	0.00	0.00	57,359.36	(57,359.36)	
General Administration: Board of Education	0.00	0.00	2,639.88	(2,639.88)	
Business: Fiscal Services	0.00	0.00	4,252.00	(4,252.00)	
Other	72,079.00	72,079.00	0.00	72,079.00	
Special Education:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,	
Administrative Costs	0.00	0.00	26,319.26	(26,319.26)	
Transportation Costs	0.00	0.00	24,535.02	(24,535.02)	
Other Special Education Costs	0.00	0.00	23,532.68	(23,532.68)	
Nonprogrammed Charges: Other Nonprogrammed Costs	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	2,000.00	
Total Expenditures	607,088.00	640,688.00	622,480.89	18,207.11	
Net Change in Fund Balances	42,709.00	9,109.00	31,231.39	22,122.39	
Fund Balance - Beginning	360,508.93	360,508.93	360,508.93	0.00	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	403,217.93	369,617.93	391,740.32	22,122.39	

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2022

Schedules of Budgetary Comparisons for the General Fund and for each major Special Revenue Fund with a legally required budget.

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The School District followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the first regular meeting in May of each year the school board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- 2. The proposed budget is considered by the school board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- 3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
- 4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- 5. Before October 1 of each year, the school board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except trust and agency funds.
- 6. After adoption by the school board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated by number 8.
- 7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total school district budget and may be transferred by resolution of the school board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year.
- 8. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows adoption of supplemental budgets when moneys are available to increase legal spending authority.
- Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board.
- 10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds.
- 11. Budgets for the General Fund and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Note 2. GAAP/Budgetary Accounting Basis Differences

The financial statements prepared in conformity with USGAAP present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate. For example, the purchase of a new school bus would be reported as a capital outlay expenditure on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, however in the Budgetary RSI Schedule, the purchase of a school bus would be reported as an expenditure of the Support Services-Business/Student Transportation function of government, along with all other current Student Transportation related expenditures.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

South Dakota Retirement System

Last 8 Fiscal Years *

	District's proportion of the net pension liability/asset	. 0	District's portionate share f net pension ability (asset)	 trict's covered- ployee payroll	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)
2022	0.1215410%	\$	(930,796)	\$ 2,758,141	33.75%	105.52%
2021	0.1086357%	\$	(4,718)	\$ 2,384,201	0.20%	100.04%
2020	0.1168999%	\$	(12,388)	\$ 2,485,509	0.50%	100.09%
2019	0.1121392%	\$	(2,615)	\$ 2,331,263	0.11%	100.02%
2018	0.1051698%	\$	(9,544)	\$ 2,136,824	0.45%	100.10%
2017	0.0989658%	\$	334,297	\$ 1,881,843	17.76%	96.89%
2016	0.0708033%	\$	(300,297)	\$ 1,292,664	23.23%	104.10%
2015	0.0733705%	\$	(528,604)	\$ 1,283,038	41.20%	107.30%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is 06/30 of the previous fiscal year. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

South Dakota Retirement System

Last 8 Fiscal Years *

	Contractually required contribution		•		ation to the ntractually	defi	ribution ciency cess)	Dist	rict's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
2022	\$	165,859	\$	165,859	\$	7	\$	2,764,317	6.00%	
2021	\$	165,490	\$	165,490	\$		\$	2,758,141	6.00%	
2020	\$	143,054	\$	143,054	\$	-	\$	2,384,201	6.00%	
2019	\$	149,132	\$	149,132	\$	2	\$	2,485,509	6.00%	
2018	\$	139,876	\$	139,876	\$	-	\$	2,331,263	6.00%	
2017	\$	128,210	\$	128,210	\$	-	\$	2,136,824	6.00%	
2016	\$	112,880	\$	112,880	\$	-	\$	1,881,843	6.00%	
2015	\$	77,560	\$	77,560	\$	-	\$	1,292,664	6.00%	

^{*} Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Schedule of Pension Contributions.

Changes from Prior Valuation

The June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation reflects no changes in actuarial methods from the June 30, 2020 Actuarial Valuation. One change in actuarial assumptions and one plan provision change are reflected and described below.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows:

Benefit Provision Changes

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum SDRS COLA from 0.5% to 0%. This change will impact the SDRS COLA only when inflation is very low or when a restricted maximum COLA of 0.5% is not affordable. The change had no impact on the current assets or liabilities of SDRS.

Actuarial Assumption Changes

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% (0.5% prior to 2021) and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%. That condition existed as of June 30, 2020 and the July 2021 SDRS COLA was limited to a restricted maximum of 1.41%. As of June 30, 2021, the FVFR assuming the COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption is greater than 100%. The July 2022 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 3.5%. For the June 30, 2020 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 1.41%. For this June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs are assumed to equal the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25%.

The change in the COLA assumption increased the Actuarial Accrued Liability by \$1,135 million, or 8.9% of the Actuarial Accrued Liability based on the 1.41% restricted maximum COLA.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation and any recommended changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation.

Actuarial Method Changes

No changes in actuarial methods were made since the prior valuation.